

Authorisation Directive

Directorate-General for Communications Networks, Content and Technology Regulatory Coordination and Business

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Outline

- Scope and aim
- General authorisation and rights of use
 - Characteristics and conditions attached
 - Amendments to the conditions
- Spectrum management
 - Allocation
 - Assignment
- Enforcement powers
- Administrative charges and fees for rights of use



Scope and aim

- *Harmonising (and simplyfing) the authorisation rules and conditions applicable to the provision of ECS and ECN (Article 1(1))....*
-with a view to ensure the freedom to provide electronic communications services and networks (Article 3(1))



General authorisation

- General principle: the provision of ECS/N is subject only to a general authorisation
- Key concept defined by Article 2(2): is a legal framework applicable to all or specific types of ECS/N.
 - It excludes the need of an individual decision in order to allow a provider to carry on the activity (Article 3(2))
 - It may encompass only a notification requirement, subject to maximum harmonisation (only information necessary for the identification) Article 3(3) and may be "certified" pursuant to Article 9
 - It entails some minimum rights listed in Article 4



Rights of use

Exception to the general principle: there are cases where an individual decision granting the use of certain resources may be required

- Radio frequencies: when necessary for the reasons set out in Article 5(1)
 - Continued compliance with these reasons if duration is above 10 years (Article 5(2))
- Numbers

With specific regard to the management of rights of use for radio frequencies, specific provisions on **spectrum management**



Conditions attached

The Directive harmonises the conditions/obligations that can be imposed in relation to general authorisation and rights of use (Article 6)

- Numerus clausus listed in the Annex
- Non-discrimination, proportionality and transparency (and in accordance with Article 9 FD for spectrum management)
- Specific obligations only in view of the Regulatory Framework (SMP, US, ...)
- Prohibition to duplicate other conditions already applicable under general legislation



Amendments to the conditions (Article 14)

Substantive and procedural requirements in order to provide safeguards against unilateral modifications

- Objective justification (e.g. re-farming, see Article 1(2) amended GSM Directive...) and proportionality
- Notice and consultation of interested parties, unless minor amendments agreed with the right holder
- Withdrawal and restriction: compliance with national provisions on compensation



Spectrum management: 1) Allocation (Article 8a to 9b of the Framework Directive)

Managing use of spectrum resource in general (allocation) and of individual rights of use in particular (assignment)

Allocation (Article 9 Framework Directive)

- Effective management and allocation based on objective, transparent, non discriminatory and proportionate criteria (Article 9(1))
- General principle: technological and service neutrality (Article 9(3) and (4))
 - Derogations to be justified pursuant to para 3 and 4
 - Existing non-neutral assignment: conversion upon request till 2016, MS will have to adopt apprpriate measures afterwards (Article 9a)
- Compliance with the conditions specified in harmonisation decisions (Article 8a FD as legal basis for spectrum harmonisation decisions)

• Effective management tools

- Avoiding spectrum hoarding (Article 9(7))
- In principle tradeability of rights of use harmonised by spectrum decisions (Article 9b)



2) Assignment of individual rights of use (Article 5 and 7 Authorisation Directive, see also Directive 2002/77/EC)

Rules ensuring the possibility to have access to the resource

- General principle: open, objective, transparent, nondiscriminatory and proportionate procedures (Article 5(2))
 - Specific procedure and criteria for rights of use used for broadcasting may be applicable (entailing also a derogation to openess), but they shall nevertheless be objective, transparent, non-discriminatory and proportionate to the general interest pursued (Article 5(2) and CJEU *Centro Europa 7* C-380/05)

Limitation of rights of use available or extension of existing rights beyond the original terms (Art. 7)

- Market consultation (Article 7(1))
- Objective, transparent, non-discriminatory and proportionate selection criteria (Article 7(3))
- Competitive (auction) or comparative (beauty contest) procedure may justify extension of deadlines to proceed with the assignment



Enforcement powers (Article 10)

NRA shall monitor and supervise compliance with the conditions (Article 10(1))...

... and therefore shall be empowered to impose (Article 10(3))

- Dissuasive financial penalties
- Order to cease or delay the provision of services significantly harming competition

Guarantees for the provider

- Notice, right of defence (Article 10(2)), duty to state reasons (10(3)) and to appeal (10(7))
- Withdrawal and suspension in case of serious or repeated breaches (Art. 10(5))
- Without prejudice for interim measures, but maximum time limit to adopt the final decision (Art. 10(6))



... and request of information (Article 11)

- List of reasons underpinning requests for information
- Proportionality and objectivity
- Stating the purpose
- Not as a prerequisite for market entry



Administrative charges (Article 12)

Charge: any payment imposed to undertaking providing the service under the general authorisation or to whom a right of use has been granted

• It does not entail harmonisation of every tax imposed on ECS/N..... but it covers any charge levied in the context of the general authorisation

Requirements

- Proportionality, non discrimination, objective, transarent
- Max amount: covering the administrative costs of regulation
- Transparency and adjusting mechanism (Article 12(2))



Fees for rights of use and to install facilities (Article 13)

- Different from administrative charge: payment due for the use of a scarce resource (frequencies, numbers, land) and paid by the owner of this right (C-55/11 Vodafone)
- Requirement: need to reflect the optimal use; objective justification, transparency, non discrimination and proportionality, in view of objectives of the Framework
 - Example: price resulting in auction



Thank you for your attention !

